

# Long-Term Prophylactic Treatment with Oral Deucricitbant Improves Disease Control and Health-Related Quality of Life in Participants with Hereditary Angioedema: CHAPTER-1 Open-Label Extension Study

Michael E. Manning<sup>1</sup>, John Anderson<sup>2</sup>, Francesco Arcoletto<sup>3</sup>, Emel Aygören-Pürsün<sup>4</sup>, Mauro Cancian<sup>5</sup>, Hugo Chapeladine<sup>6</sup>, Niall Conlon<sup>7</sup>, Efreem Eren<sup>8</sup>, Mark Gompels<sup>9</sup>, Sofia Grigoriadou<sup>10</sup>, Maria D. Guarino<sup>11</sup>, Padmalal Gurugama<sup>12</sup>, Sorena Kiani-Alikhan<sup>13</sup>, Tamar Kinaciyani<sup>14</sup>, Markus Magerl<sup>15,16</sup>, Marcin Stobiecki<sup>17</sup>, Michael D. Tarzi<sup>18</sup>, Anna Valerjeva<sup>19</sup>, H. James Wedner<sup>20</sup>, William H. Yang<sup>21</sup>, Andrea Zanichelli<sup>22,23</sup>, Rafael Crabbé<sup>24</sup>, Susan Mulders<sup>25</sup>, Jonathan Levy<sup>26</sup>, Ulrich Freudensprung<sup>27</sup>, Umar Katbeh<sup>27</sup>, Jochen Knolle<sup>28</sup>, Anne Lesage<sup>29</sup>, Peng Lu<sup>26</sup>, Marc A. Riedl<sup>30</sup>

<sup>1</sup>Allergy, Asthma and Immunology Associates, Ltd., Scottsdale, AZ, USA; <sup>2</sup>AllerVie Health, Clinical Research Center of Alabama, Birmingham, AL, USA; <sup>3</sup>AOR Villa Sofia-Cervello, UOC di Patologia Clinica e Immunologia, Palermo, Italy; <sup>4</sup>University Hospital Frankfurt, Frankfurt, Germany; <sup>5</sup>University Hospital of Padua, Department of Systems Medicine, Padua, Italy; <sup>6</sup>Université de Montréal, CHU de Montréal, Montréal, QC, Canada; <sup>7</sup>St. James's Hospital and Trinity College, Wellcome Trust CRF, Dublin, Ireland; <sup>8</sup>University Hospital Southampton NHS Foundation Trust, Southampton, UK; <sup>9</sup>North Bristol NHS Trust, Bristol, UK; <sup>10</sup>Barts Health NHS Trust, Department of Immunology, London, UK; <sup>11</sup>Ospedale di Civitanova Marche, Civitanova Marche, Italy; <sup>12</sup>Cambridge University Hospitals NHS Foundation Trust, Department of Clinical Immunology, Cambridge, UK; <sup>13</sup>Royal Free London NHS Foundation Trust, London, UK; <sup>14</sup>Medical University of Vienna, Department of Dermatology, Vienna, Austria; <sup>15</sup>Charité – Universitätsmedizin Berlin, Institute of Allergology, Corporate Member of Freie Universität Berlin and Humboldt-Universität zu Berlin, Berlin, Germany; <sup>16</sup>Fraunhofer Institute for Translational Medicine and Pharmacology ITMP, Immunology and Allergology, Berlin, Germany; <sup>17</sup>Jagiellonian University Medical College, Department of Clinical and Environmental Allergology, Krakow, Poland; <sup>18</sup>University Hospitals Sussex NHS Foundation Trust, Department of Respiratory Medicine, Brighton, UK; <sup>19</sup>Medical University of Sofia, Department of Allergology, Sofia, Bulgaria; <sup>20</sup>Washington University School of Medicine, Division of Allergy and Immunology, Department of Medicine, St Louis, MO, USA; <sup>21</sup>Ottawa Allergy Research Corporation, Department of Medicine, University of Ottawa, Ottawa, ON, Canada; <sup>22</sup>Università degli Studi di Milano, Dipartimento di Scienze Biomediche per la Salute, Milan, Italy; <sup>23</sup>I.R.C.C.S., Policlinico San Donato, Centro Angioedema, UO Medicina, Milan, Italy; <sup>24</sup>RC Consultancy, Bassins, Switzerland; <sup>25</sup>Mulders Clinical Consulting, Groesbeek, The Netherlands; <sup>26</sup>Pharvaris Inc., Lexington, MA, USA; <sup>27</sup>Pharvaris GmbH, Zug, Switzerland; <sup>28</sup>JCK Consult, Frankfurt, Germany; <sup>29</sup>GrayMatters Consulting, Schilde, Belgium; <sup>30</sup>University of California San Diego, Division of Allergy and Immunology, La Jolla, CA, USA

## Key takeaways

The ongoing Phase 2 CHAPTER-1 open-label extension (OLE) provides additional evidence on the sustained effects of long-term prophylactic treatment with oral deucricitbant on disease control, health-related quality of life (HRQoL), and treatment satisfaction for participants with hereditary angioedema (HAE).

PGA-Change	AE-QoL	AECT	TSQM
<p><b>100%</b> of participants who received deucricitbant 40 mg/day reported improved HRQoL at weeks 12 and 62</p>	<p>Clinically meaningful improvement in HRQoL at week 4 and effects sustained through week 62</p>	<p><b>100%</b> of participants with a week 62 assessment reported well-controlled HAE</p>	<p><b>Treatment satisfaction</b> High in participants receiving deucricitbant up to week 12 and sustained in the OLE</p>

AECT, Angioedema Control Test; AE-QoL, Angioedema Quality of Life Questionnaire; HRQoL, health-related quality of life; PGA-Change, Patient Global Assessment of Change; TSQM, Treatment Satisfaction Questionnaire for Medication.

## Background

- Hereditary angioedema (HAE):** a bradykinin-mediated condition with painful swelling attacks affecting multiple locations in the body and negatively impacting HRQoL.<sup>1-7</sup>
- Unmet need:** additional prophylactic treatments offering injectable-like efficacy, a well-tolerated profile, and ease of administration.<sup>8-11</sup>
- Oral deucricitbant:** a selective, bradykinin B2 receptor antagonist under development for both prophylactic and on-demand treatment of HAE attacks.<sup>11-22</sup>

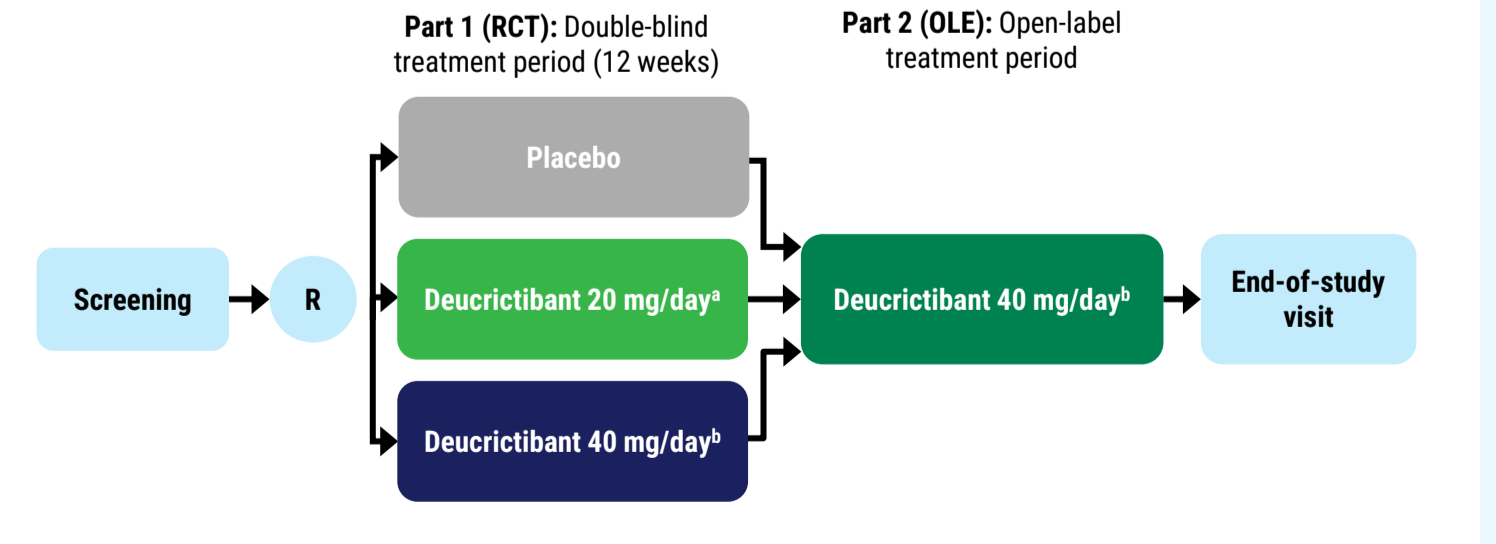
## Objective

Evaluate the impact of deucricitbant treatment on disease control, HRQoL, and treatment satisfaction through 62 weeks in adult participants with HAE in the CHAPTER-1 OLE study (data snapshot 10 June 2024).<sup>18</sup>

## Methods

- CHAPTER-1 (NCT05047185)\*:** a two-part, Phase 2 study.<sup>18</sup>
  - Part 1 randomized controlled trial (RCT) is complete. Part 2 OLE is ongoing.
- Eligible participants:** adults diagnosed with HAE-1/2, not receiving other prophylactic treatments at screening, and with a pre-specified minimum number of attacks.

Figure 1. CHAPTER-1 study design



IR, immediate release; OLE, open-label extension; R, randomization; RCT, randomized controlled trial. \*Deucricitbant IR capsule, 10 mg twice daily. †Deucricitbant IR capsule, 20 mg twice daily.

## Methods

- Patient Global Assessment of Change (PGA-Change)<sup>23</sup>:** a tool to measure the change in the impact of HAE on patient's HRQoL since starting study treatment compared with pre-treatment:



- Angioedema Quality of Life Questionnaire (AE-QoL)<sup>24-26</sup>:** a tool validated for HAE and comprising a 17-item questionnaire across four domains, "functioning", "fatigue/mood", "fear/shame", and "nutrition", on a five-point response scale:



- Angioedema Control Test (AECT)<sup>27,28</sup>:** a four-item questionnaire with a five-point response scale developed and validated to retrospectively quantify disease control and aid management decisions in patients with recurrent angioedema (AECT-4Wk – four-week recall used):



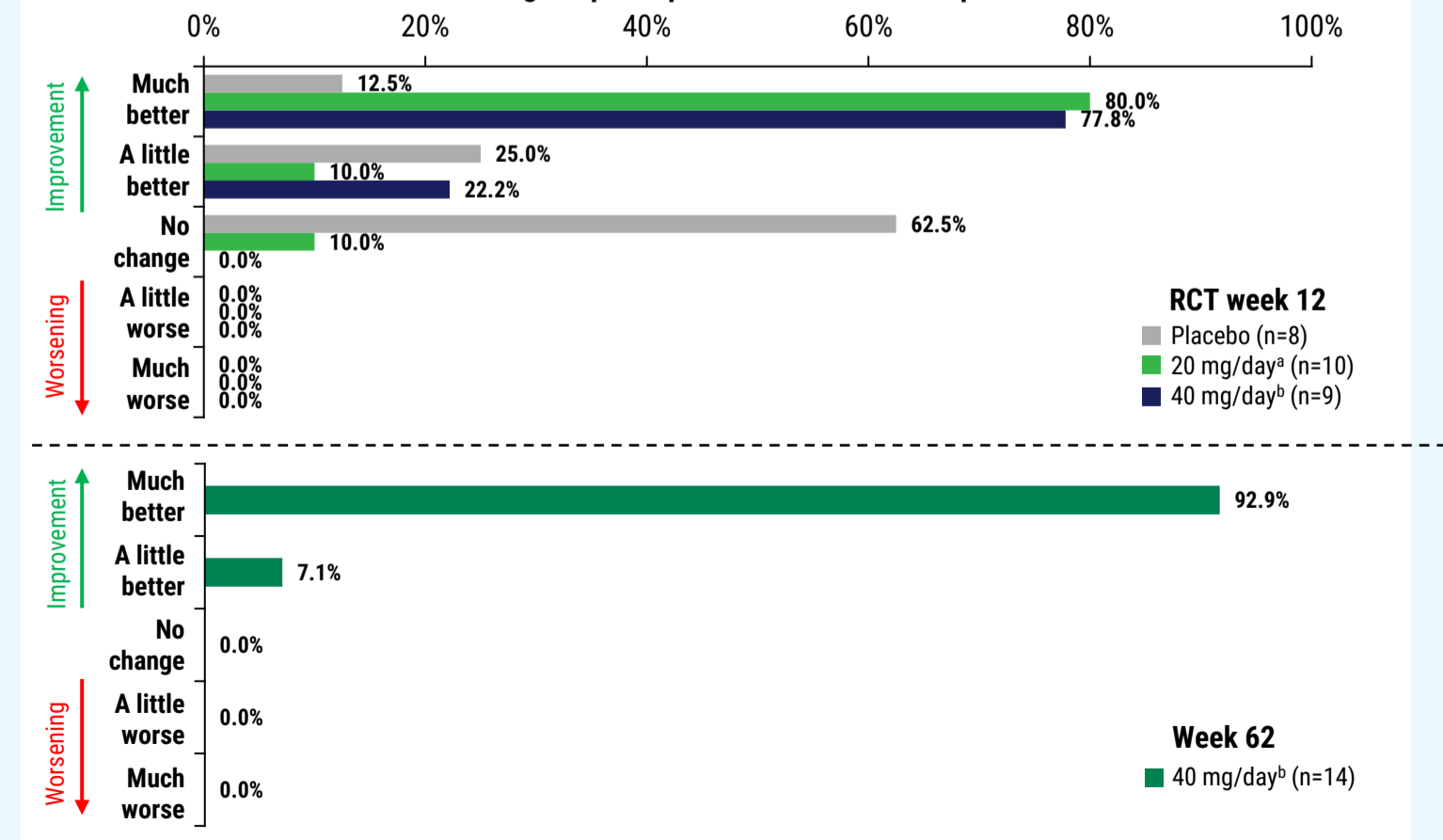
- Treatment Satisfaction Questionnaire for Medication (TSQM) Version II<sup>29</sup>:** an 11-item questionnaire to gauge patients' satisfaction with "effectiveness", "side effects", "convenience", and "global satisfaction" of a medication:



## Results

- All 30 participants who completed the Part 1 RCT enrolled in the Part 2 OLE.
  - At data cutoff: five participants had discontinued. 25 were ongoing, of which 14 had reached at least the week 62 visit.
- This analysis included the 14 participants who had reached at least the week 62 visit.
  - Mean (SD) exposure to deucricitbant 40 mg/day for these 14 participants in the OLE: 16.9 (3.0) months.
  - Min-max exposure in the OLE: 12.4–20.8 months.
  - Maximum exposure to deucricitbant in the entire study: 23.7 months.

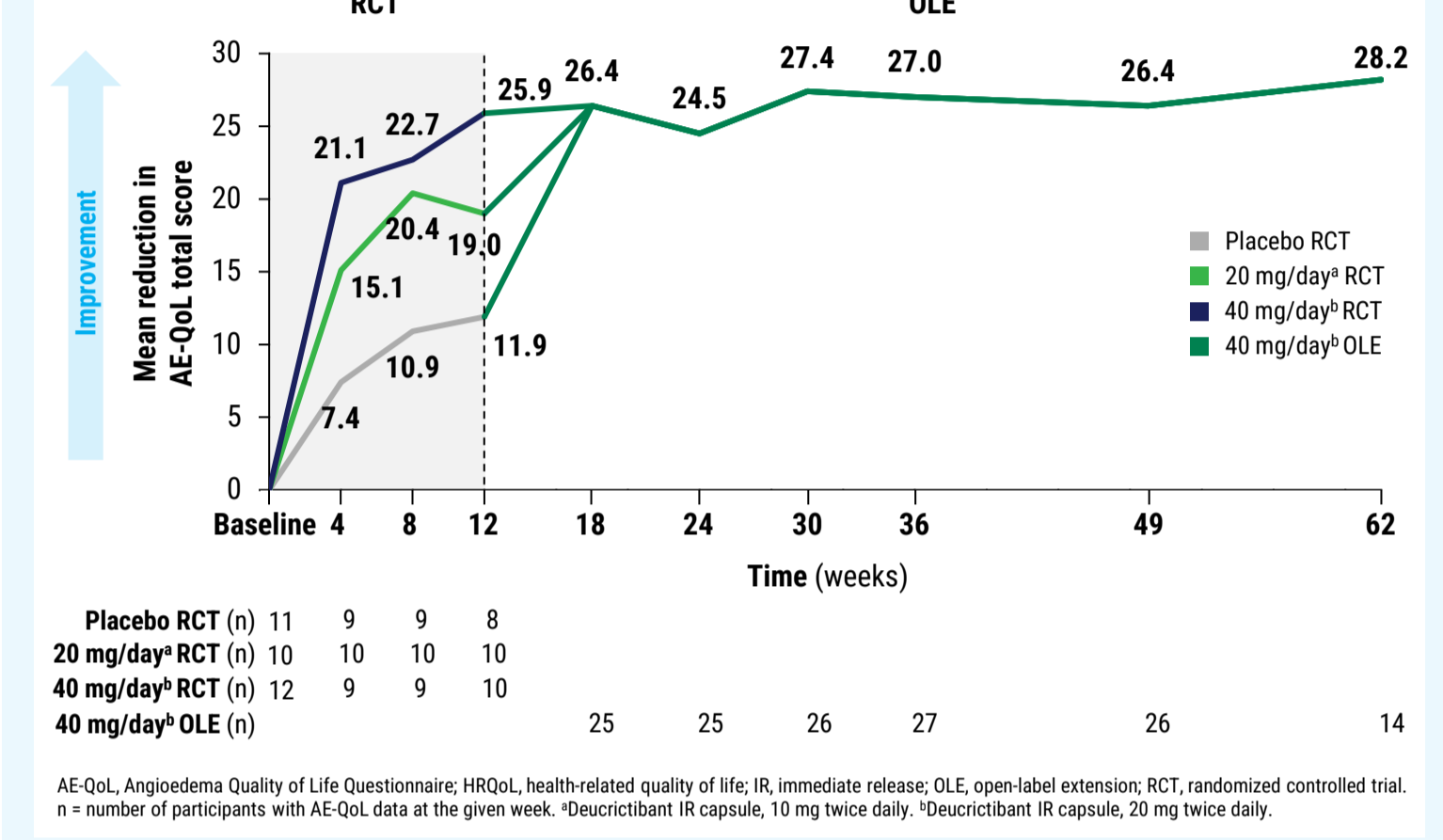
Figure 2. PGA-Change: HRQoL improved at weeks 12 and 62 compared with study baseline



HRQoL, health-related quality of life; IR, immediate release; OLE, open-label extension; PGA-Change, Patient Global Assessment of Change; RCT, randomized controlled trial. n = number of participants with PGA-Change results at the given week. \*Deucricitbant IR capsule, 10 mg twice daily. †Deucricitbant IR capsule, 20 mg twice daily.

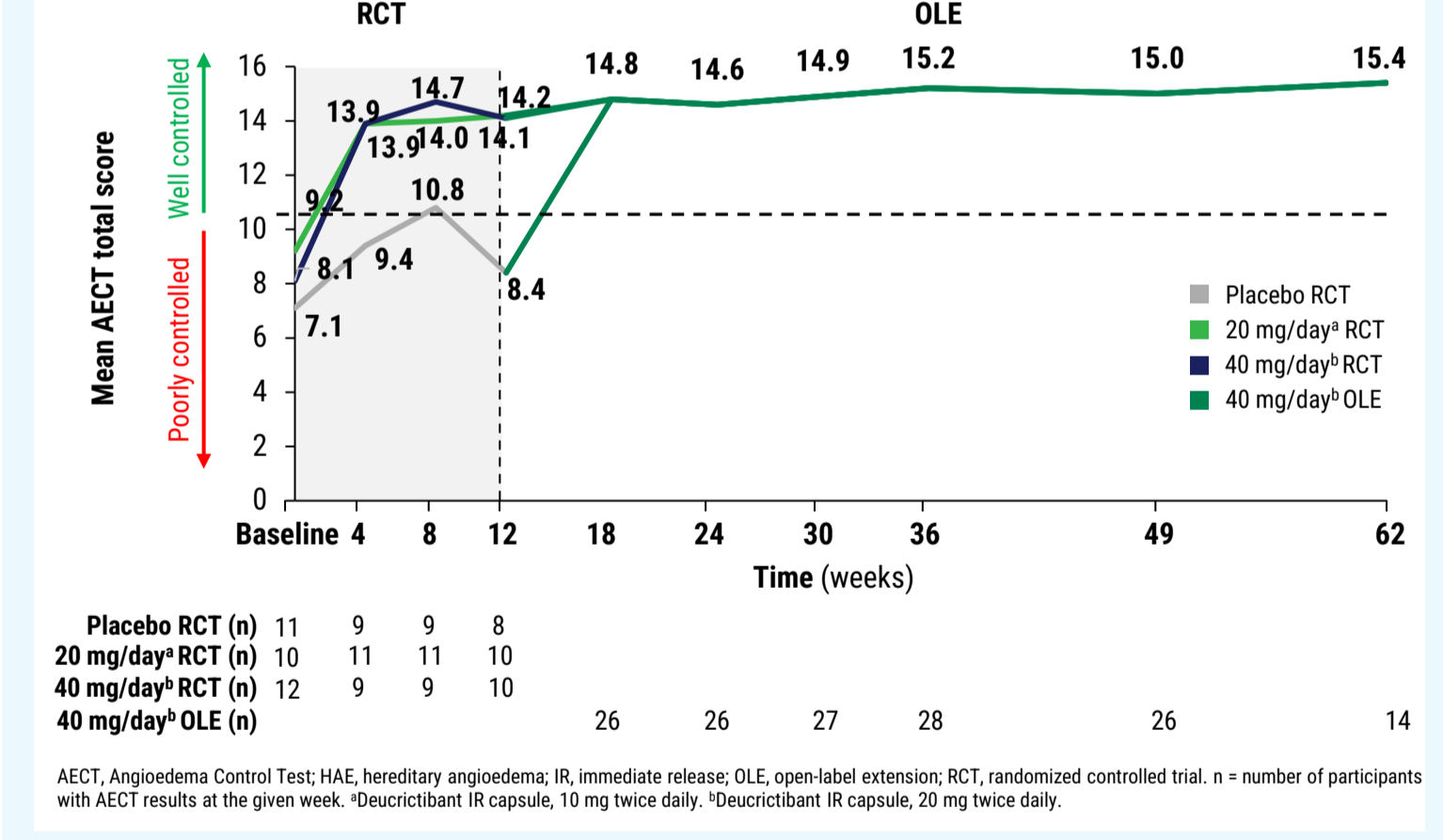
## Results

Figure 3. AE-QoL: Improvement in HRQoL by week 4 and effects sustained through week 62



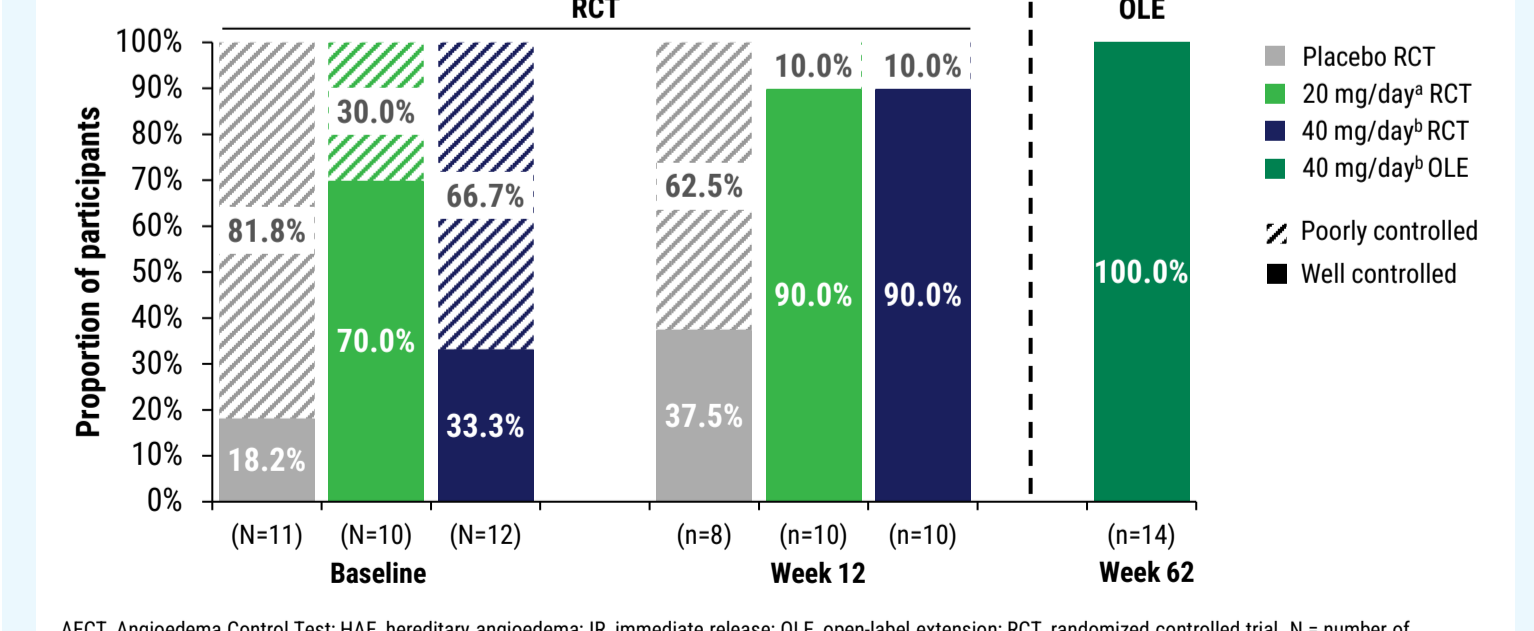
AE-QoL, Angioedema Quality of Life Questionnaire; HRQoL, health-related quality of life; IR, immediate release; OLE, open-label extension; RCT, randomized controlled trial. n = number of participants with AE-QoL data at the given week. \*Deucricitbant IR capsule, 10 mg twice daily. †Deucricitbant IR capsule, 20 mg twice daily.

Figure 4. AECT: Improvement in disease control by week 4 and effects sustained through week 62



AECT, Angioedema Control Test; HAE, hereditary angioedema; IR, immediate release; OLE, open-label extension; RCT, randomized controlled trial. n = number of participants with AECT results at the given week. \*Deucricitbant IR capsule, 10 mg twice daily. †Deucricitbant IR capsule, 20 mg twice daily.

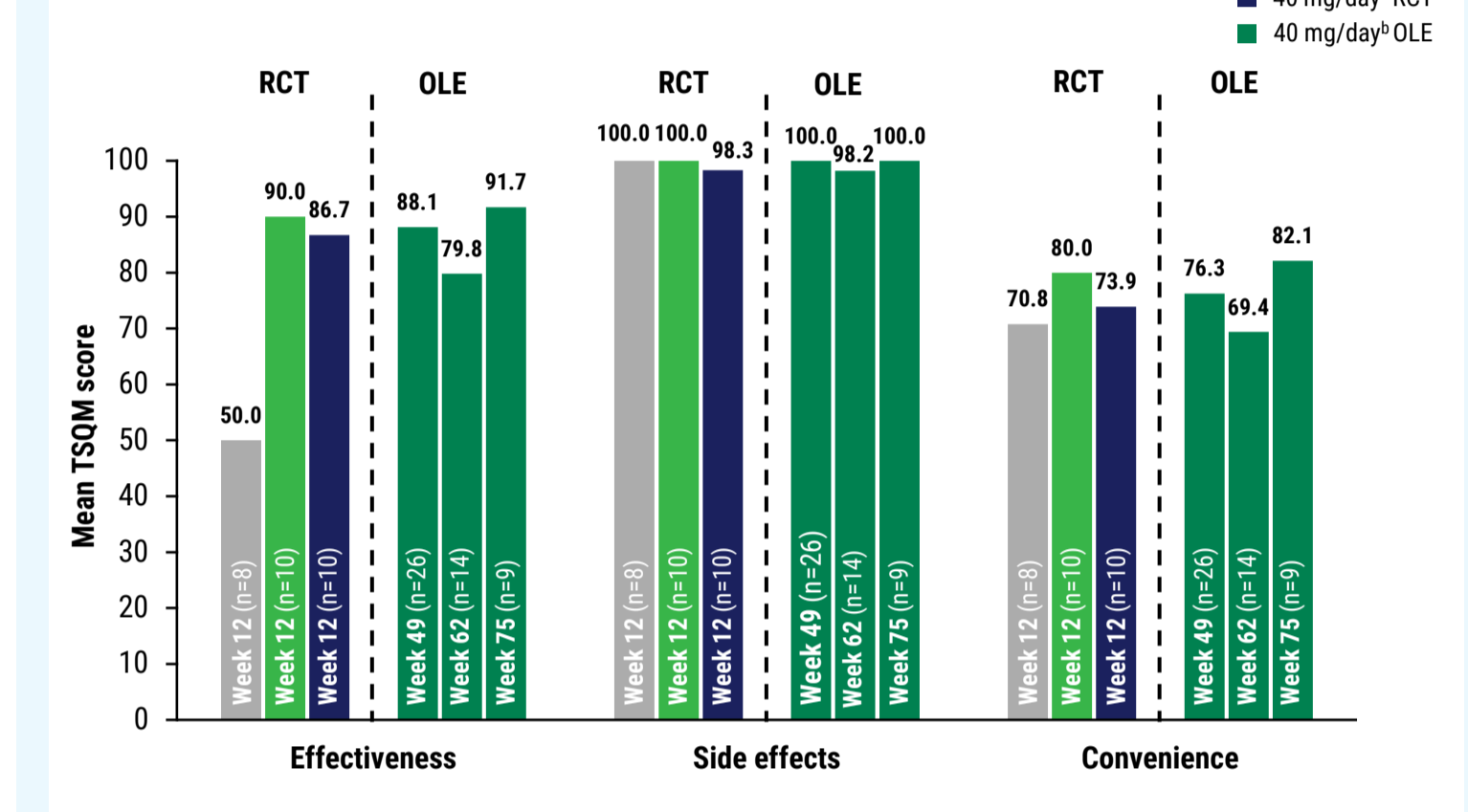
Figure 5. AECT: 90% of participants at 12 weeks and 100% of participants at 62 weeks receiving deucricitbant showed well-controlled HAE



AECT, Angioedema Control Test; HAE, hereditary angioedema; IR, immediate release; OLE, open-label extension; RCT, randomized controlled trial. n = number of participants randomized to each treatment group in the RCT. n = number of participants with AECT results at the given week. \*Deucricitbant IR capsule, 10 mg twice daily. †Deucricitbant IR capsule, 20 mg twice daily.

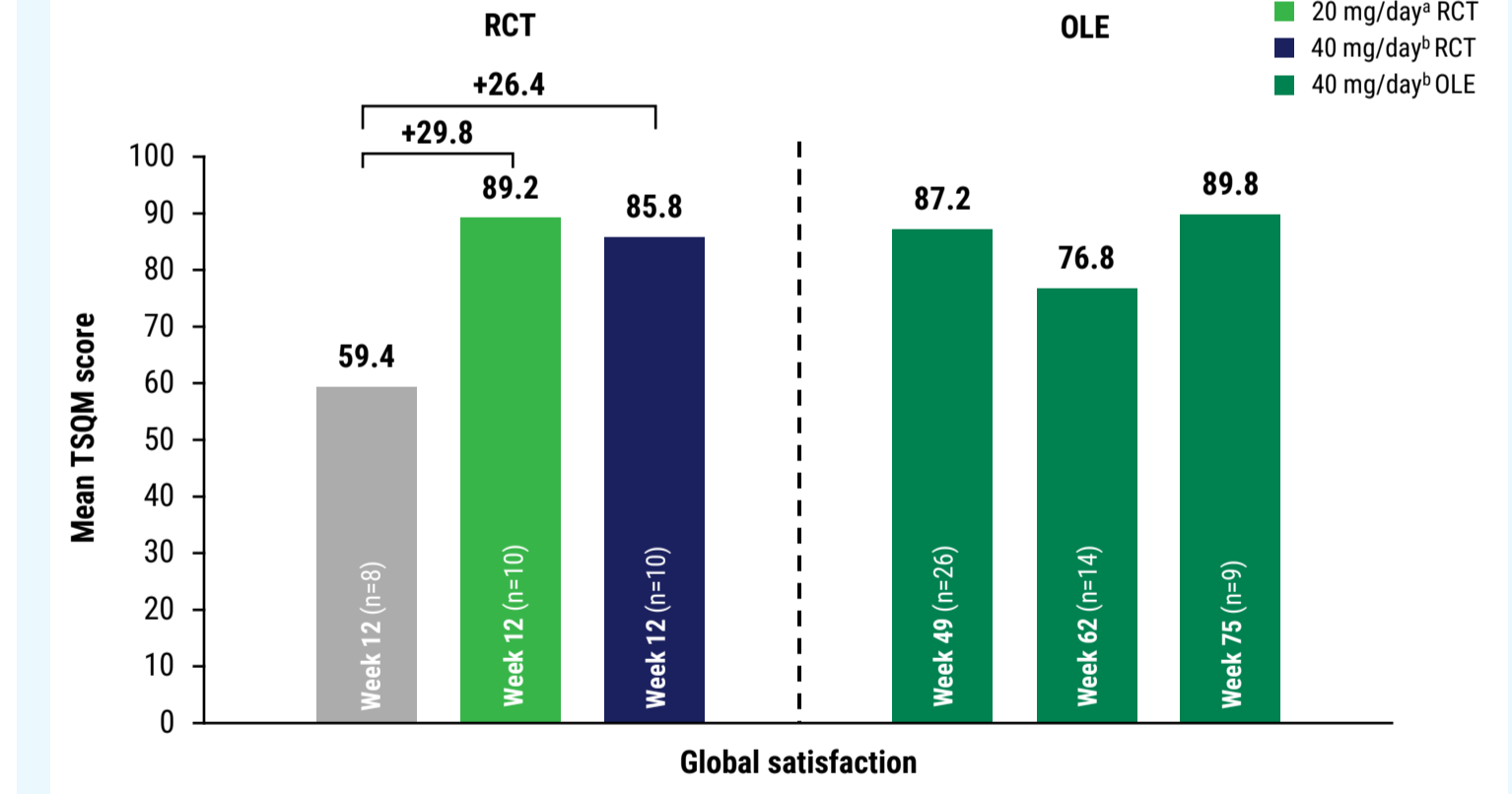
## Results

Figure 6. TSQM: Greater patient satisfaction with effectiveness vs placebo at week 12 was sustained in the OLE



IR, immediate release; OLE, open-label extension; RCT, randomized controlled trial; TSQM, Treatment Satisfaction Questionnaire for Medication. n = number of participants with TSQM results at the given week. \*Deucricitbant IR capsule, 10 mg twice daily. †Deucricitbant IR capsule, 20 mg twice daily.

Figure 7. TSQM: Greater overall patient satisfaction vs placebo at week 12 was sustained in the OLE



IR, immediate release; OLE, open-label extension; RCT, randomized controlled trial; TSQM, Treatment Satisfaction Questionnaire for Medication. n = number of participants with TSQM results at the given week. \*Deucricitbant IR capsule, 10 mg twice daily. †Deucricitbant IR capsule, 20 mg twice daily.

This presentation includes data for an investigational product not yet approved by regulatory authorities.

## References

- Busse PJ, et al. *N Engl J Med*. 2020;382:1136-48.
- Maurer M, et al. *Allergy*. 2022;77:1961-90.
- Bork K, et al. *Allergy Asthma Clin Immunol*. 2021;17:40.
- Bygum A, et al. *Front Med*. 2017;4:212.
- Mendivil J, et al. *Orphanet J Rare Dis*. 2021;16:94.
- Chong-Neto HJ. *World Allergy Organ J*. 2023;16:100758.
- Lumry WR, et al. *Allergy Asthma Proc*. 2010;31(5):407-14.
- Bouillet L, et al. *Allergy Asthma Proc*. 2022;43:406-12.
- Covella B, et al. *Future Pharmacol*. 2024;4:41-53.
- Center for Biologics Evaluation and Research. The voice of the patient – hereditary angioedema. US Food and Drug Administration, May 2018. Accessed June 13, 2025. <https://www.fda.gov/media/113509/download>.
- Betschel SD, et al. *J Allergy Clin Immunol Pract*. 2023;11:2315-25.
- Lesage A, et al. *Front Pharmacol*. 2020;11:916.
- Lesage A, et al. *Int Immunopharmacol*. 2022;105:108523.
- RAPiDe-1. <https://clinicaltrials.gov/study/NCT04618211>. Accessed June 13, 2025.
- RAPiDe-2. <https://www.clinicaltrials.gov/study/NCT05396105>. Accessed June 13, 2025.
- RAPiDe-3. <https://clinicaltrials.gov/study/NCT06343779>. Accessed June 13, 2025.
- Maurer M, et al. Presented at: AAAAI; February 24–27, 2023; San Antonio, TX, USA.
- CHAPTER-1. <https://www.clinicaltrials.gov/study/NCT05047185>. Accessed June 13, 2025.
- Aygören-Pürsün E, et al. Presented at: EAACI; May 31–June 3, 2024; Valencia, Spain.
- CHAPTER-3. <https://clinicaltrials.gov/study/NCT0669754>. Accessed June 13, 2025.
- CHAPTER-4. <https://clinicaltrials.gov/study/NCT0669754>. Accessed June 13, 2025.
- Green K, et al. Presented at: ACAAI 2022. November 10–14, 2022; Louisville, KY, USA.
- Guy W (ed). *ECDEU Assessment Manual for Psychopharmacology*, 1976.
- Weller K, et al. *Allergy*. 2012;67:1289-98.
- Weller K, et al. *Allergy*. 2016;71:1203-9.
- Vanya M, et al. *J Patient Rep Outcomes*. 2023;7:33.
- Weller K, et al. *Allergy*. 2020;75:1165-77.
- Weller K, et al. *J Allergy Clin Immunol Pract*. 2020;8:2050-7.
- Atkinson MJ, et al. *Value Health*. 2005;8(1):S9–24.

COI: M.E.M.: Astra, AstraZeneca, BioCryst, Blueprint, CSL Behring, Cellgene, Cogent, GSK, Ionis, Intellia, KalVista, Merck, Novartis, Pharming, Pharvaris, Regeneron, Takeda, Teva; J.A.: Astra, BioCryst, CSL Behring, Ionis, KalVista, Pharming, Pharvaris, Takeda; F.A.: CSL Behring, Takeda; E.A.P.: Astra, BioCryst, BioMarin, CSL Behring, Intellia, KalVista, Pharming, Pharvaris, Takeda; M.C.: BioCryst, CSL Behring, KalVista, Menarini, MSD, Novartis, Otsuka, Pharming, Pharvaris, Sobri, Takeda, UCB; H.C.: AstraZeneca (Alexion), CSL Behring, KalVista, Merck, Novartis, Pharming, Pharvaris, Roche, Sanofi, Sobri, Takeda; N.C.: BioCryst, CSL Vifor, GSK, Novartis, Pharming, Takeda; E.E.: BioCryst, Dr Falk Pharma, Novartis, Pharming; M.G.: BioCryst, CSL Behring, Novartis, member of the immunology clinical reference group; S.G.: Baxter, CSL Behring, Dyax, Grifols, Pharming/Swedish Orphan, Takeda, ViroPharma; M.D.G.: BioCryst, CSL Behring, Takeda; P.G.: BioCryst, CSL Behring, KalVista, Pharming, Takeda; S.K.A.: BioCryst, Biotest, CSL Behring, Ionis, KalVista, Otsuka, Pharvaris, Takeda; T.K.: BioCryst, CSL Behring, KalVista, Otsuka, Pharvaris, Sanofi/Regeneron, Takeda; M.M.: Astra, BioCryst, CSL Behring, Intellia, KalVista, Novartis, Octapharma, Otsuka, Pharvaris, Takeda; M.S.: BioCryst, CSL Behring, KalVista, Pharming, Pharvaris, Takeda; M.B.T.: no conflicts of interests to disclose relative to this work; A.V.: AstraZeneca, Berlin-Chemie/Menarini Group, CSL Behring, KalVista, Novartis, Pharming, Pharvaris, Regeneron, Takeda, Teva; A.Z.: BioCryst, CSL Behring, KalVista, Pharming, Pharvaris, Takeda; R.C.: employee of RC Consultancy and consultant to Pharvaris, holds stocks in Pharvaris; S.M.: employee of Mulders Clinical Consulting and consultant to Pharvaris, holds stocks in Pharvaris; J.L., U.F., U.K.: employees of Pharvaris, hold stocks in Pharvaris; J.C.: employee of JCK Consult and consultant to Pharvaris, holds stocks/stock options in Pharvaris; A.L.: employee of GrayMatters Consulting and consultant to Pharvaris, holds stocks/stock options in Pharvaris; advisor to Koss Pharma; P.L.: employee of Pharvaris, holds stocks in Pharvaris; M.A.R.: Astra, BioCryst, BioMarin, Cellgene, CSL Behring, Cycle Pharma, Grifols, Intellia, Ionis, KalVista, Novartis, Pharming, Pharvaris, Sanofi-Regeneron, Takeda.

Acknowledgments: Medical writing support was provided by Jonny Turner, PhD, of Envision Spark, an Envision Medical Communications agency, a part of Envision Pharma Group and funded by Pharvaris.

\*CHAPTER-1 is a Pharvaris-sponsored clinical trial. [ClinicalTrials.gov identifier: NCT05047185](https://clinicaltrials.gov/identifier/NCT05047185).